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PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: MARTIN *et al.*

Serial No.: 10/026,302

Filed: December 19, 2001

For: Crown Ether Derivatives

Examiner: Bruck Kifle

Group Art Unit: 1624

Docket No.: MP.0070

MARKED-UP VERSION OF THE CLAIMSCommissioner for Patents
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
PO Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

This Marked-up Version of the Claims is being submitted along with the Response to the Office Action dated September 3, 2004. These Marked-up Claims are being submitted on or before the three (3) month extended due date of March 3, 2005. A Petition for Extension of Time is also enclosed (*See*, Transmittal).

The Examiner is respectfully requested to enter the following Claim amendments.

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PAPER AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED AS BEING ATTACHED OR ENCLOSED HERewith ARE BEING
FACSIMILE TRANSMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE ON 3/3/05 TO 1.703.872.9305
By [Signature]

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Claims:

Claims 1-25. (Canceled).

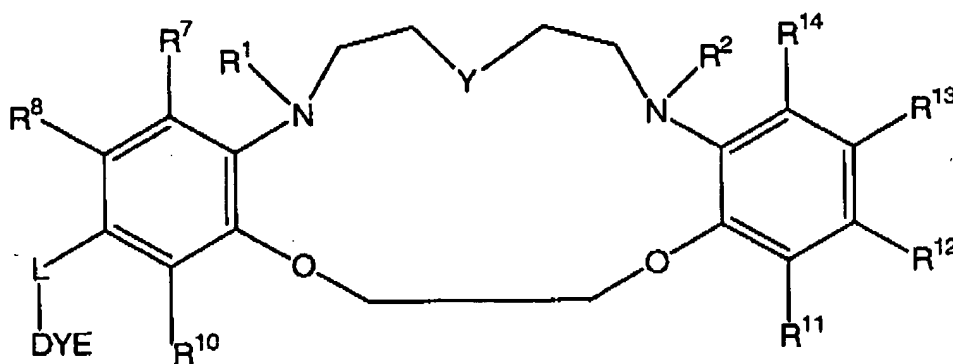
26. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 25~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein said compound is substituted by only one -L-R_x, or -L-S_c, that is bound at R⁸, R⁹, R¹², or R¹³.
27. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 25~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein R¹ and R² are C₁-C₆ alkyl that are substituted one or more times by cyano, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸.
28. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 27~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein R⁸ and R⁹, and optionally R¹² and R¹³, taken in combination, form a fused DYE that is a substituted or unsubstituted benzofuran.
29. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 25~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein said compound is substituted by exactly two DYE or fused DYE moieties.
30. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 25~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein said compound is substituted by exactly one -L-DYE moiety at R⁹, and said compound is optionally substituted by exactly one -L-R_x or exactly one -L-S_c at a position other than R⁹.
31. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 24~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein each L of the compound is independently a single covalent bond, or a covalent linkage that is linear or branched, cyclic or heterocyclic, saturated or unsaturated, having 1-20 nonhydrogen atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, P, O and S; and are composed of any combination of ether, thioether, amine, ester, carboxamide, sulfonamide, hydrazide bonds and aromatic or heteroaromatic bonds.
32. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 31~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein each L of the compound is a single covalent bond or has the

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formula $-(CH_2)_d(CONH(CH_2)_e)_z-$ or $-O(CH_2)_d(CONH(CH_2)_e)_z-$, where d is an integer from 0-5, e is an integer from 1-5 and z is 0 or 1.

33. (Canceled).
34. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 26~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein said compound is substituted by exactly one S_{CT} ~~which S_C that~~ is a protein, a polysaccharide, a biotin, or a silica.
35. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 26~~ The composition according to Claim 80, wherein said compound is substituted by exactly one R_x selected from the group consisting of a succinimidyl ester of a carboxylic acid, a haloacetamide, a hydrazine, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, an aliphatic amine, a silyl halide, and a psoralen.
36. (Currently Amended) ~~A composition, as claimed in Claim 24~~ The composition according to Claim 80, where the compound has the formula:



wherein Y is O or NR^4 .

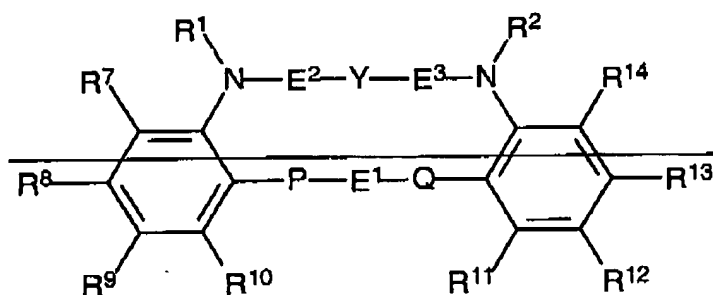
37. (Original) A composition, as claimed in Claim 36, wherein each DYE on the compound is a fluorescein, a rhodamine, a rhodol, a polyazaindacene, an oxazine, a 3H-xanthen-6-ol-3-one, a 6-amino-3H-xanthen-3-one, or a 6-amino-3H-xanthen-3-imine.

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38. (Previously Amended) A composition, as claimed in Claim 37, wherein R^1 and R^2 are C_1 - C_8 alkyl that are substituted one or more times by $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$ or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$.
39. (Original) A composition, as claimed in Claim 38, wherein R^1 and R^2 are C_1 - C_8 alkyl that are substituted one or more times by $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, where each R^{16} is H, an alpha-acyloxymethyl, a t-butyldimethyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt.
40. (Currently Amended) A composition, as claimed in Claim 36, ~~further comprising a wherein the~~ metal ion that is Ca^{2+} , Na^+ , K^+ , or Zn^{2+} ~~associated with said compound.~~
41. (Canceled).
42. (Canceled).
43. (Canceled).
44. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting a target cationic metal ion in a sample, comprising:

a) adding to said sample, in an amount sufficient to generate a detectable optical response when said target ion is present, a compound having the formula:



wherein

~~P and Q are independently O, S, or NR^3 , where each R^3 is independently H or C_1 - C_8 alkyl;~~

~~Y is O, S, or NR^4 , where R^4 is H; or is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_G$, or $-L-DYE$; or is C_1 - C_8 alkyl or an aryl or heteroaryl ring system, which alkyl or ring system is optionally substituted by~~

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halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, C₁-C₈ alkylamino, C₂-C₁₂ dialkylamino, cyano, L-R_X, L-S_C, or L-DYE; or by C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy that is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, (SO₂)R¹⁶, (SO₂)OR¹⁶, (C=O)R¹⁶, (C=O)OR¹⁶, or (C=O)NR¹⁷R¹⁸; wherein

R¹⁶ is H or C₁-C₆ alkyl; or L-R_X, L-S_C, or L-DYE;

R¹⁶ is H, a C₁-C₈ alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl and t-butyl dimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt; or L-R_X, L-S_C, or L-DYE;

R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are independently H, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₆ carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyl dimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt; or L-R_X, L-S_C, or L-DYE; or R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

each L is independently a covalent linkage;

each R_X is independently a reactive group;

each S_C is independently a conjugated substance;

DYE is a chemical moiety with an absorption maximum beyond 320 nm;

E¹, E², and E³ are independently (CR⁶)_n, where n = 2, 3, 4, and each R⁶ is independently H or CH₃, or two R⁶ moieties on adjacent carbons of one or more of E¹, E² or E³, when taken in combination, form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring;

R¹ and R² are independently L-R_X, L-S_C, or L-DYE; or C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₂-C₁₈ arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by (SO₂)R¹⁶, (SO₂)OR¹⁶, (C=O)R¹⁶, (C=O)OR¹⁶, (C=O)NR¹⁷R¹⁸; or by C₁-C₈ alkylamino, C₂-C₁₂ dialkylamino; or by C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, (SO₂)R¹⁶, (SO₂)OR¹⁶, (C=O)R¹⁶, (C=O)OR¹⁶, (C=O)NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁷-R¹⁴ are independently H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, L-R_X, L-S_C, L-DYE; or C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen,

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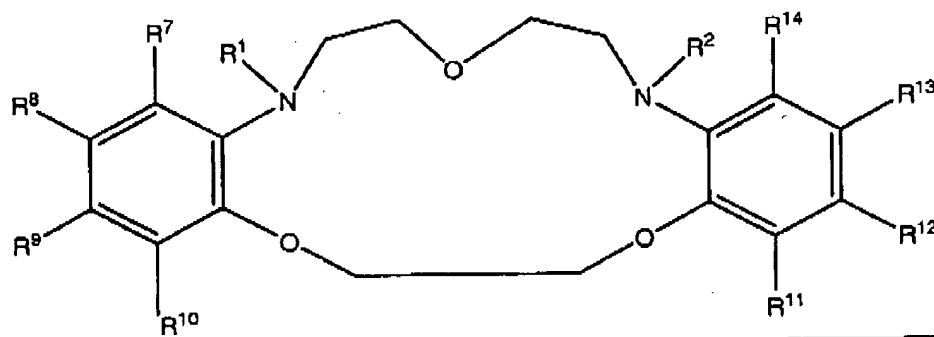
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amino, hydroxy, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-O-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, or $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

or any two adjacent substituents $\text{R}^7\text{-R}^{14}$, taken in combination, form a fused six-membered benzo moiety, which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x , -L-S_c , or -L-DYE ; or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, or $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

or any two adjacent substituents $\text{R}^7\text{-R}^{14}$, taken in combination with each other, and with the aromatic ring they are bound to, form a fused DYE;

provided that said compound is substituted by at least one -L-DYE moiety at one or more of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and $\text{R}^7\text{-R}^{14}$, or at least two of $\text{R}^7\text{-R}^{14}$, taken in combination, form a fused DYE;



wherein R^1 is -L-R_x , -L-S_c , -L-DYE ; $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{18}$ alkyl or $\text{C}_7\text{-C}_{18}$ arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-O-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$; or by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylamino, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{12}$ dialkylamino; or by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-O-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

R^2 is -L-R_x , -L-S_c , -L-DYE ; $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{18}$ alkyl or $\text{C}_7\text{-C}_{18}$ arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-O-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$; or by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkylamino, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_{12}$ dialkylamino; or by $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{SO}_2)\text{-O-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-R}^{15}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-O-R}^{16}$, $(\text{C=O})\text{-NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

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alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{16}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$.

wherein R^{16} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, or $-L-DYE$;

R^{16} is H, a C_1-C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl, t-butyl dimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, or $-L-DYE$;

R^{17} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyl dimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, or $-L-DYE$;

R^{18} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyl dimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, or $-L-DYE$;

or R^{17} and R^{18} taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

L is a covalent linkage;

R_x is an acrylamide, an activated ester of a carboxylic acid, an acyl azide, an acyl nitrile, an aldehyde, an alkyl halide, an anhydride, an aniline, an aryl halide, an azide, an aziridine, a boronate, a diazoalkane, a haloacetamide, a halotriazine, a hydrazine, an imido ester, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, a phosphoramidite, a reactive platinum complex, a silyl halide, a sulfonyl halide, or a thiol;

S_c is an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a polysaccharide, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, a hapten, a psoralen, a drug, a hormone, a lipid, a lipid assembly, a synthetic polymer, a polymeric microparticle, a biological cell, a biotin, a silica or a virus;

DYE is a chemical moiety with an absorption maximum beyond 320 nm;

R^7 is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, $-L-DYE$, C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$.

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R⁸ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁰ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹¹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹² is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹³ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁴ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

or any two adjacent substituents R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination, form a fused six-membered benzo moiety, which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_X, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₈ alkoxy, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

or any two adjacent substituents R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination with each other, and with the aromatic ring they are bound to, form a fused DYE;

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provided that the compound is substituted by at least one -L-DYE, -L-R_x, or -L-S_c at R¹, R², R⁴, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹³, or R¹⁴; or at least two of R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination, form a fused DYE;

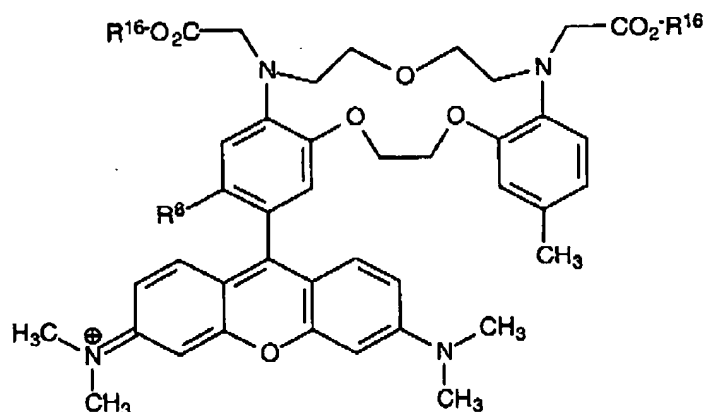
b) illuminating said sample to generate said detectable optical response whereby said target ion is present.

45. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 44, wherein said detectable optical response is a fluorescence response.

46. (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 45, wherein said illuminating is performed in conjunction with a fluorometer, fluorescence microscope, laser scanner, flow cytometer, a microfluidic device, or a fiber optic probe.

47. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 44, wherein said target metal ion is Na⁺, K⁺, Ca²⁺, or Zn²⁺.

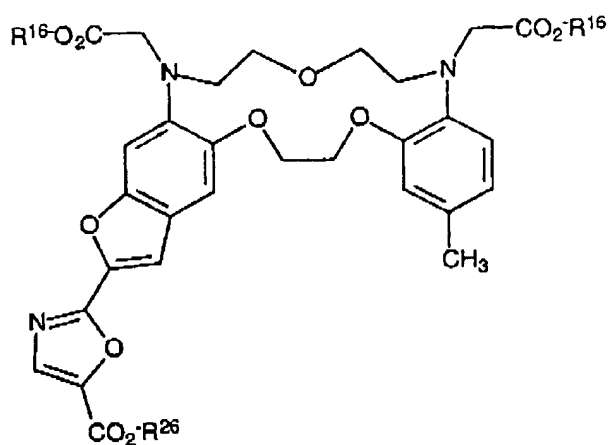
48. (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 44, wherein said compound has the formula:



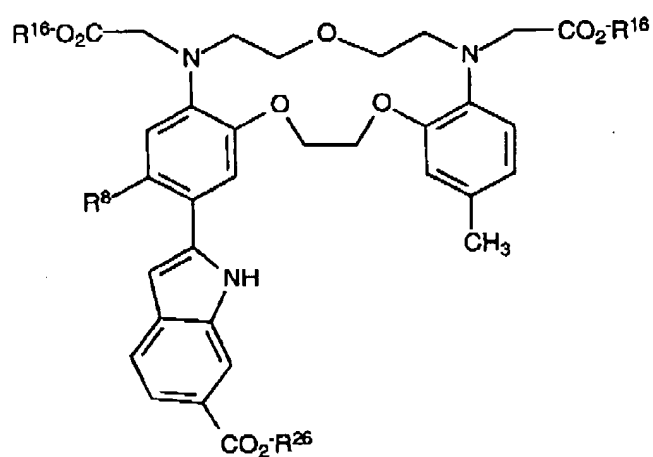
or the formula:

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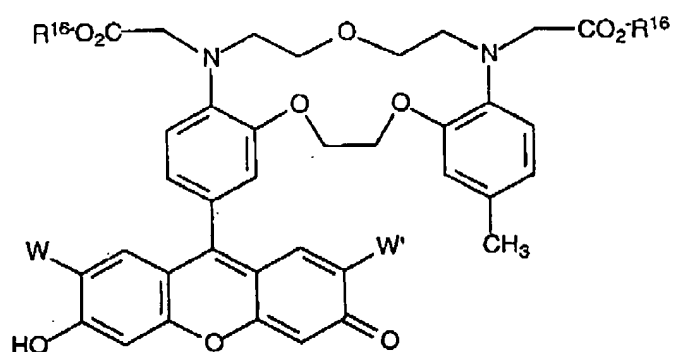


or the formula:



or the formula:

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The chemical structure shows a central boron atom (B) coordinated by two fluorine atoms (F) and two nitrogen atoms (N) of a porphyrin-like ring. The ring has four substituents: R³⁰, R³¹, R³², and R³³ on the left pyrrole ring; and R³⁴, R³⁵, and R³⁶ on the right pyrrole ring. The two nitrogen atoms are connected by a side chain: -N(CH₂CH₂OC(CH₂)₂OC(CH₂)₂N-). Each nitrogen is also bonded to a phenyl ring. The left phenyl ring has a substituent R⁸. The right phenyl ring has a methyl group (CH₃) at the para position and a carboxylate group (CO₂R¹⁶) at the other para position.

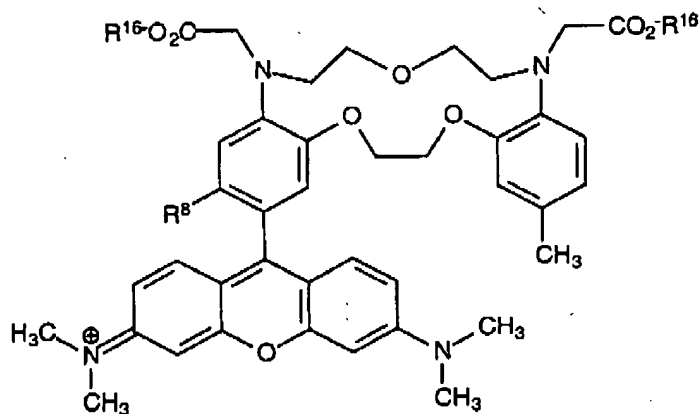
W and W', where present, are independently F or Cl;

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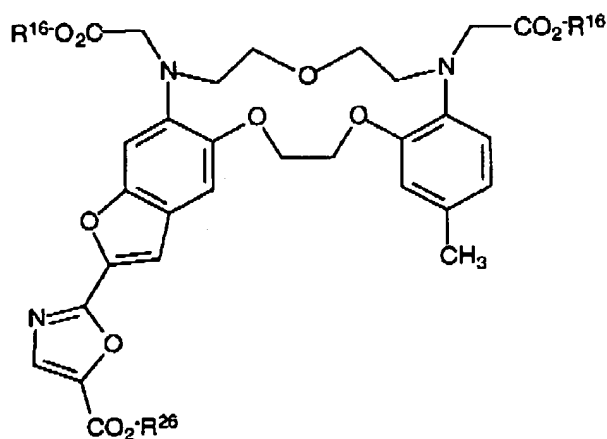
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R^{30} - R^{35} , where present, are independently H, halogen, nitro, sulfo, cyano, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, arylalkyl, or acyl, wherein the alkyl portions of each contain fewer than 20 carbons; or an aryl or heteroaryl ring system.

49. (Original) A method, as claimed in Claim 48, wherein said target metal ion is Na^+ or K^+ .
50. (Previously Amended) A method, as claimed in Claim 44, wherein said sample comprises living cells or biological fluids.
51. (Previously Amended) A kit for the detection or quantification of a target metal ion, comprising a compound having the formula:



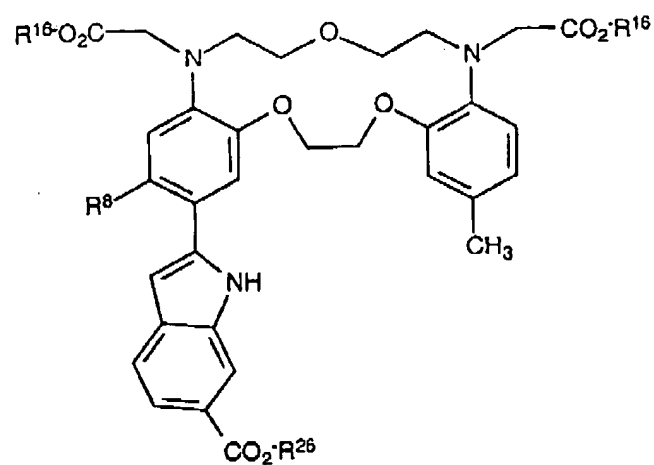
or the formula:



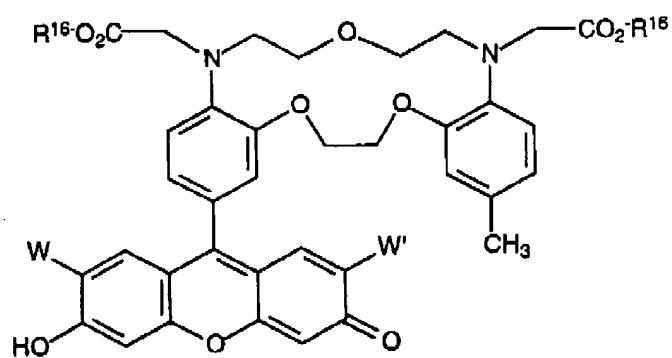
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or the formula:

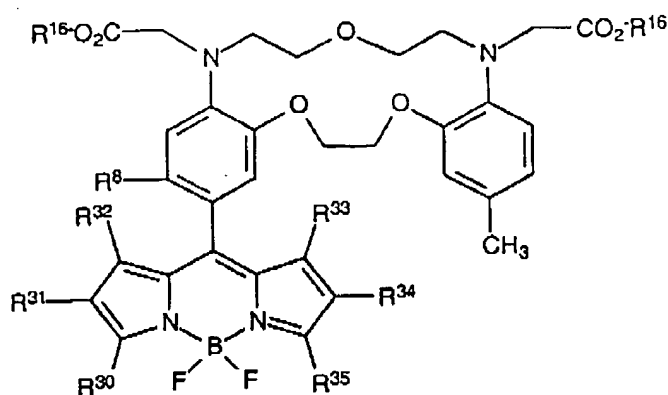


or the formula:



or the formula:

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- a) a calibration standard of a target ion;
- b) an ionophore;
- c) a fluorescence standard;
- d) an aqueous buffer solution; and

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e) an organic solvent.

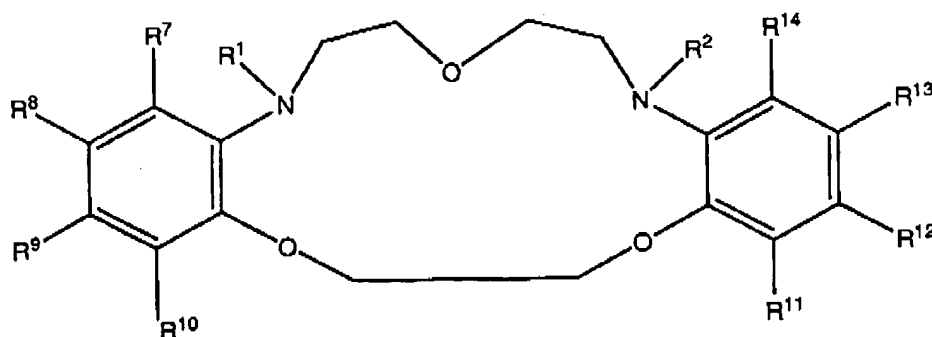
52. (Canceled).

53. (Canceled).

54. (Canceled).

55. (Canceled).

56. (New) A compound having the formula:



wherein R^1 is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, $-L-DYE$; C_1-C_{18} alkyl or C_7-C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$; or by C_1-C_6 alkylamino, C_2-C_{12} dialkylamino; or by C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

R^2 is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_c$, $-L-DYE$; C_1-C_{18} alkyl or C_7-C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$; or by C_1-C_6 alkylamino, C_2-C_{12} dialkylamino; or by C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

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wherein R^{15} is H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , or -L-DYE;

R^{16} is H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , or -L-DYE;

R^{17} is H, C_1 - C_8 alkyl, C_1 - C_8 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , or -L-DYE;

R^{18} is H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , or -L-DYE;

or R^{17} and R^{18} taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

L is a covalent linkage;

R_x is an acrylamide, an activated ester of a carboxylic acid, an acyl azide, an acyl nitrile, an aldehyde, an alkyl halide, an anhydride, an aniline, an aryl halide, an azide, an aziridine, a boronate, a diazoalkane, a haloacetamide, a halotriazine, a hydrazine, an imido ester, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, a phosphoramidite, a reactive platinum complex, a silyl halide, a sulfonyl halide, or a thiol;

S_c is an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a polysaccharide, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, a hapten, a psoralen, a drug, a hormone, a lipid, a lipid assembly, a synthetic polymer, a polymeric microparticle, a biological cell, a biotin, a silica or a virus;

DYE is a chemical moiety with an absorption maximum beyond 320 nm;

R^7 is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , -L-DYE, C_1 - C_8 alkyl or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{15}$, or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

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R⁸ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁰ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹¹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹² is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹³ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁴ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

or any two adjacent substituents R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination, form a fused six-membered benzo moiety, which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

or any two adjacent substituents R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination with each other, and with the aromatic ring they are bound to, form a fused DYE;

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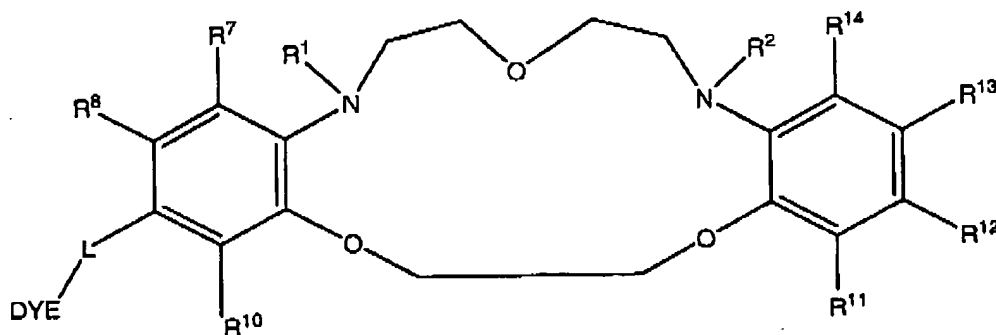
provided that the compound is substituted by at least one -L-DYE, -L-R_x, or -L-S_c at R¹, R², R⁴, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, R¹², R¹³, or R¹⁴; or at least two of R⁷-R¹⁴, taken in combination, form a fused DYE.

57. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the compound is substituted by only one -L-R_x, or -L-S_c, that is bound at R⁸, R⁹, R¹², or R¹³.
58. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein R¹ and R² are C₁-C₆ alkyl that are substituted one or more times by cyano, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸.
59. (New) The compound according to Claim 58, wherein R¹⁶, R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ are independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl.
60. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein R⁸ and R⁹, and optionally R¹² and R¹³, taken in combination, form a fused DYE that is a substituted or unsubstituted benzofuran.
61. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the compound is substituted by exactly two DYE or fused DYE moieties.
62. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the compound is substituted by exactly one -L-DYE moiety at R⁹, and said compound is optionally substituted at a position other than R⁹ by exactly one -L-R_x or exactly one -L-S_c.
63. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein L is independently a single covalent bond, or a covalent linkage that is linear or branched, cyclic or heterocyclic, saturated or unsaturated, having 1-20 nonhydrogen atoms selected from the group consisting of C, N, P, O and S; and are composed of any combination of ether, thioether, amine, ester, carboxamide, sulfonamide, hydrazide bonds and aromatic or heteroaromatic bonds.
64. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein L is a single covalent bond or has the formula -(CH₂)_d(CONH(CH₂)_e)_z- or -O(CH₂)_d(CONH(CH₂)_e)_z-, where d is an integer from 0-5, e is an integer from 1-5 and z is 0 or 1.

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65. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the DYE moiety is selected from the group consisting of indole, a coumarin, a stilbene, a xanthene, an oxazine, and a polyazaindacene.
66. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the compound is substituted by exactly one S_C that is a protein, a polysaccharide, a biotin, a synthetic polymer or a silica.
67. (New) The compound according to Claim 56, wherein the compound is substituted by at least one R_x selected from the group consisting of a succinimidyl ester of a carboxylic acid, a haloacetamide, a hydrazine, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, an aliphatic amine, a silyl halide, and a psoralen.
68. (New) A compound having the formula:



wherein R^1 is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_C$, $-L-DYE$; C_1-C_{18} alkyl or C_7-C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$; or by C_1-C_6 alkylamino, C_2-C_{12} dialkylamino; or by C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

R^2 is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_C$, $-L-DYE$; C_1-C_{18} alkyl or C_7-C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

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(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸; or by C₁-C₆ alkylamino, C₂-C₁₂ dialkylamino; or by C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

wherein R¹⁵ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁶ is H, a C₁-C₆ alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁷ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁸ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, or -L-DYE;

or R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

L is a covalent linkage;

R_x is selected from the group consisting of an acrylamide, an activated ester of a carboxylic acid, an acyl azide, an acyl nitrile, an aldehyde, an alkyl halide, an anhydride, an aniline, an aryl halide, an azide, an aziridine, a boronate, a diazoalkane, a haloacetamide, a halotriazine, a hydrazine, an imido ester, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, a phosphoramidite, a reactive platinum complex, a silyl halide, a sulfonyl halide, or a thiol;

S_c is selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a polysaccharide, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, a hapten, a drug, a hormone, a lipid, a lipid assembly, a synthetic polymer, a polymeric microparticle, a biological cell, a biotin, a silica and a virus;

DYE is selected from the group consisting of indole, a coumarin, a stilbene, a xanthene, an oxazine, a polyazaindacene, a benzofuran, a pyrene, an anthracene, a naphthalene, an acridine, a benzindole, an oxazole, a benzoxazole, a thiazole, a

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benzothiazole, a 4-amino-7-nitrobenz-2-oxa-1,3-diazole (NBD), a cyanine, a carbocyanine, a carbostyryl, a porphyrin, a salicylate, an anthranilate, an azulene, a perylene, a pyridine, a quinoline, a benzoxazine, a carbazine a phenalenone and a benzphenalenone;

R⁷ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁸ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁰ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹¹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹² is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹³ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸; and

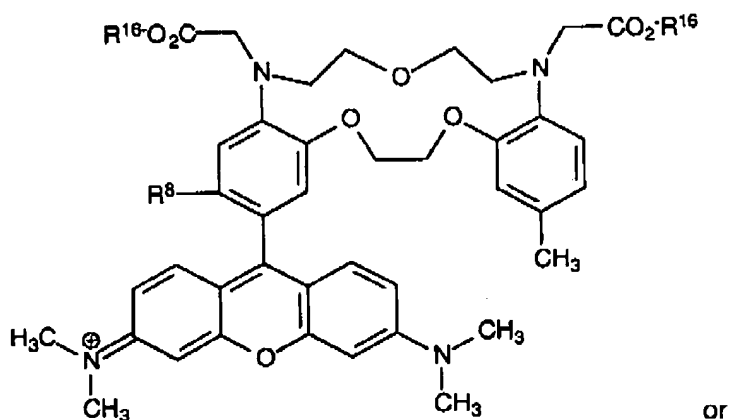
R¹⁴ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸.

69. (New) The compound according to Claim 68, wherein DYE is an indole, a coumarin, a stilbene, a xanthene, an oxazine, or a polyazaindacene.

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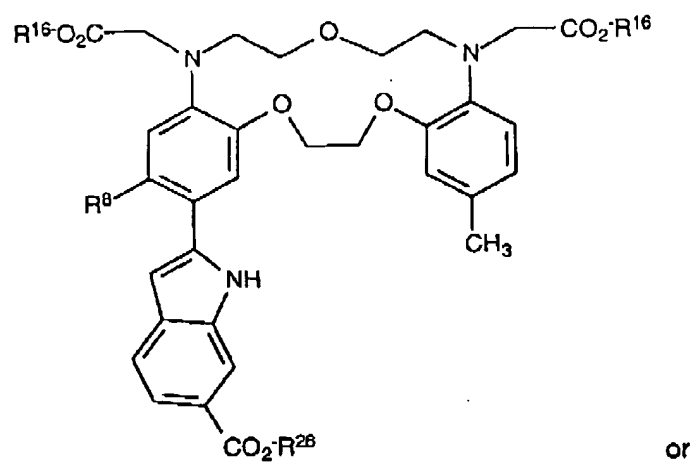
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70. (New) The compound according to Claim 68, wherein the xanthene is selected from the group consisting of a fluorescein, a rhodamine, a rhodol, a 3*H*-xanthen-6-ol-3-one, a 6-amino-3*H*-xanthen-3-one, and a 6-amino-3*H*-xanthen-3-imine; wherein L is a single covalent bond.
71. (New) The compound according to Claim 68, wherein R¹ and R² are C₁-C₆ alkyl that are substituted one or more times by -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶ or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸.
72. (New) The compound according to Claim 68, wherein R¹ and R² are C₁-C₆ alkyl that are substituted one or more times by -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, where each R¹⁶ is H, C₁-C₈ alkyl, an alpha-acyloxymethyl, a t-butyltrimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt.
73. (New) The compound according to Claim 68, wherein the compound is

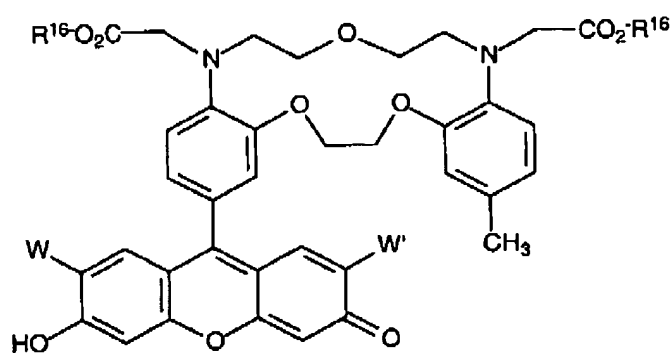


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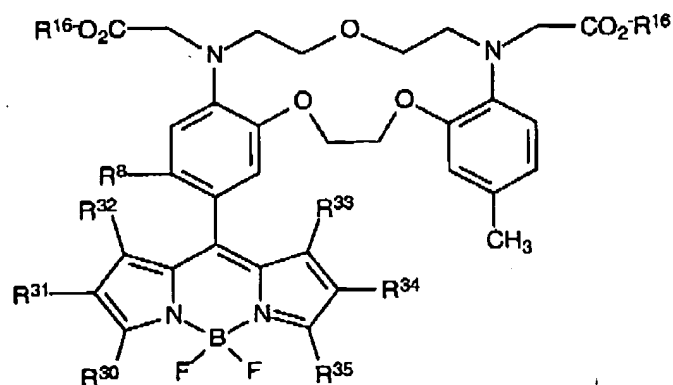
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or



or



wherein

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R^8 , where present, is independently H or a C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, which is optionally substituted by -
(C=O)-O- R^{16} or -(C=O)-NR 17 R 18 ;

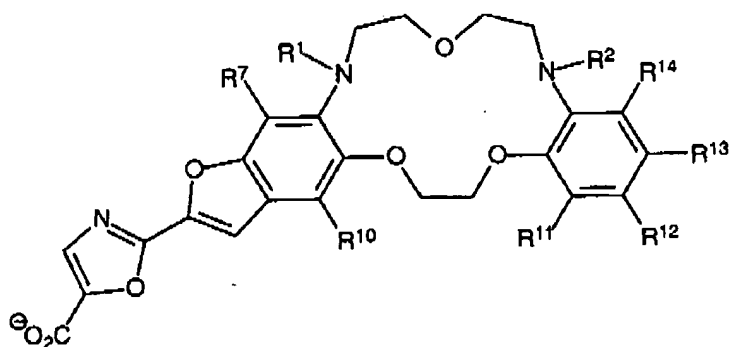
R^{16} and R^{26} , where present, are independently H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt;

R^{17} and R^{18} , where present, are independently H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 carboxyalkyl, or a biologically compatible salt;

W and W', where present, are independently F or Cl;

R^{30} - R^{35} , where present, are independently H, halogen, nitro, sulfo, cyano, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, arylalkyl, or acyl, wherein the alkyl portions of each contain fewer than 20 carbons; or an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or adjacent substituents R^{31} and R^{32} , and adjacent substituents R^{33} and R^{34} , when taken in combination form a fused benzo ring that is optionally substituted by hydrogen, halogen, nitro, sulfo, cyano, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, alkylthio, alkylamido, amino, monoalkylamino or dialkylamino wherein the alkyl portions of each contain fewer than 20 carbons.

74. (New) A compound having the formula



wherein R^1 is -L- R_X , -L- S_C , -L-DYE; C_1 - C_{18} alkyl or C_7 - C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by -(SO $_2$)- R^{15} , -(SO $_2$)-O- R^{15} , -(C=O)- R^{15} , -(C=O)-O- R^{16} , -

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(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸; or by C₁-C₆ alkylamino, C₂-C₁₂ dialkylamino; or by C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R² is -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE; C₁-C₁₈ alkyl or C₇-C₁₈ arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁶, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸; or by C₁-C₆ alkylamino, C₂-C₁₂ dialkylamino; or by C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

wherein R¹⁵ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁶ is H, a C₁-C₆ alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁷ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, or -L-DYE;

R¹⁸ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, or -L-DYE;

or R¹⁷ and R¹⁸ taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

L is a covalent linkage;

R_x is selected from the group consisting of an acrylamide, an activated ester of a carboxylic acid, an acyl azide, an acyl nitrile, an aldehyde, an alkyl halide, an anhydride, an aniline, an aryl halide, an azide, an aziridine, a boronate, a diazoalkane, a haloacetamide, a halotriazine, a hydrazine, an imido ester, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, a phosphoramidite, a reactive platinum complex, a silyl halide, a sulfonyl halide, or a thiol;

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Sc is selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a polysaccharide, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, a hapten, a drug, a hormone, a lipid, a lipid assembly, a synthetic polymer, a polymeric microparticle, a biological cell, a biotin, a silica and a virus;

DYE is selected from the group consisting of indole, a coumarin, a stilbene, a xanthene, an oxazine, a polyazaindacene, a benzofuran, a pyrene, an anthracene, a naphthalene, an acridine, a benzindole, an oxazole, a benzoxazole, a thiazole, a benzothiazole, a 4-amino-7-nitrobenz-2-oxa-1,3-diazole (NBD), a cyanine, a carbocyanine, a carbostyryl, a porphyrin, a salicylate, an anthranilate, an azulene, a perylene, a pyridine, a quinoline, a benzoxazine, a carbazine a phenalenone and a benzphenalenone;

R⁷ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁰ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹¹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹² is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹³ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_c, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸; and

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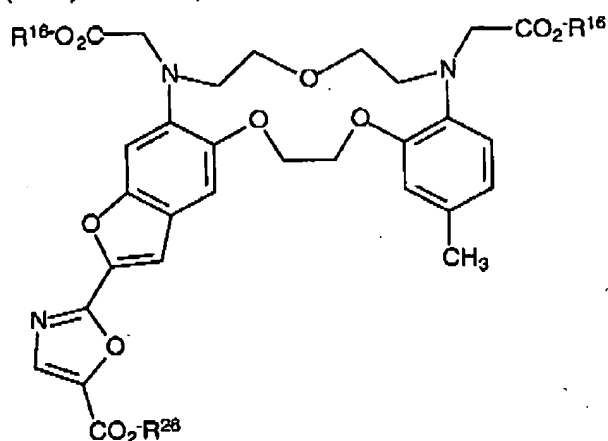
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R^{14} is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_C$, $-L-DYE$, C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$.

75. (New) The compound according to Claim 74, wherein R^1 and R^2 are C_1-C_6 alkyl that are substituted one or more times by $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$ or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$.

76. (New) The compound according to Claim 74, wherein R^1 and R^2 are C_1-C_6 alkyl that are substituted one or more times by $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, where each R^{16} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, an alpha-acyloxymethyl, a t-butyldimethyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt.

77. (New) The compound according to Claim 74, wherein the compound is

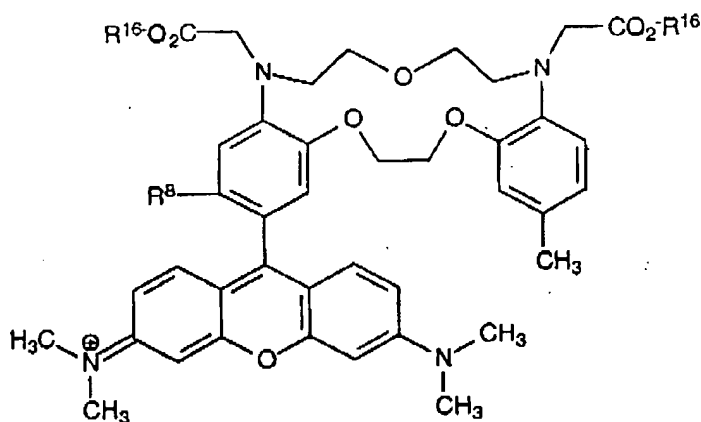


wherein R^{16} and R^{26} are independently H, a C_1-C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt.

78. A compound having the formula:

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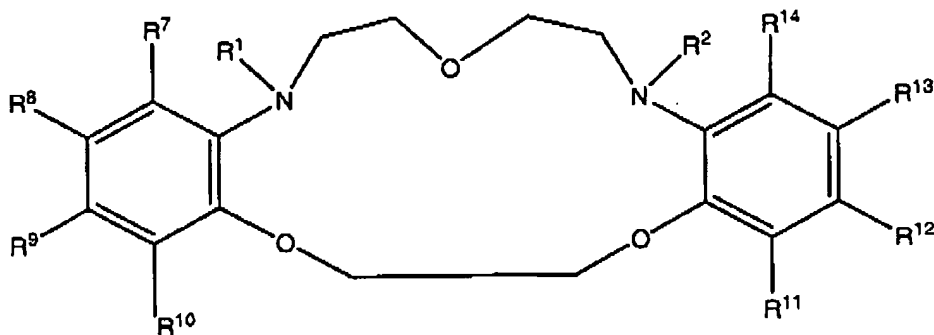
and its salts, wherein

R^8 , is H or a C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, which is optionally substituted by $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$ or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

R^{16} is independently H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a *t*-butyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible salt; and,

R^{17} and R^{18} , where present, are independently H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 carboxyalkyl, or a biologically compatible salt.

79. (New) A composition comprising a metal ion and a compound having the formula:



wherein R^1 is $-L-R_x$, $-L-S_C$, $-L-DYE$; C_1 - C_{18} alkyl or C_7 - C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or

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heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{O}-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{R}^{16}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$; or by C_1-C_6 alkylamino, C_2-C_{12} dialkylamino; or by C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{O}-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{R}^{16}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

R^2 is $-\text{L}-\text{R}_x$, $-\text{L}-\text{S}_c$, $-\text{L}-\text{DYE}$; C_1-C_{18} alkyl or C_7-C_{18} arylalkyl, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, hydroxy, cyano, or by an aryl or heteroaryl ring system; or by $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{O}-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{R}^{16}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$; or by C_1-C_6 alkylamino, C_2-C_{12} dialkylamino; or by C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{SO}_2)-\text{O}-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{R}^{15}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{O}-\text{R}^{16}$, $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-\text{NR}^{17}\text{R}^{18}$;

wherein R^{15} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, $-\text{L}-\text{R}_x$, $-\text{L}-\text{S}_c$, or $-\text{L}-\text{DYE}$;

R^{16} is H, a C_1-C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, alpha-acyloxyalkyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-\text{L}-\text{R}_x$, $-\text{L}-\text{S}_c$, or $-\text{L}-\text{DYE}$;

R^{17} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-\text{L}-\text{R}_x$, $-\text{L}-\text{S}_c$, or $-\text{L}-\text{DYE}$;

R^{18} is H, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 carboxyalkyl, an alpha-acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, a biologically compatible salt, $-\text{L}-\text{R}_x$, $-\text{L}-\text{S}_c$, or $-\text{L}-\text{DYE}$;

or R^{17} and R^{18} taken in combination form a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic ring that optionally incorporates an oxygen atom;

L is a covalent linkage;

R_x is an acrylamide, an activated ester of a carboxylic acid, an acyl azide, an acyl nitrile, an aldehyde, an alkyl halide, an anhydride, an aniline, an aryl halide, an azide, an aziridine, a boronate, a diazoalkane, a haloacetamide, a halotriazine, a hydrazine, an imido ester, an isocyanate, an isothiocyanate, a maleimide, a phosphoramidite, a reactive platinum complex, a silyl halide, a sulfonyl halide, or a thiol;

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Sc is an amino acid, a peptide, a protein, a polysaccharide, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, a nucleic acid, a hapten, a psoralen, a drug, a hormone, a lipid, a lipid assembly, a synthetic polymer, a polymeric microparticle, a biological cell, a biotin, a silica or a virus;

DYE is a chemical moiety with an absorption maximum beyond 320 nm;

R⁷ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁸ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R⁹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹⁰ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹¹ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹² is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

R¹³ is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L-R_x, -L-S_C, -L-DYE, C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, -(SO₂)-R¹⁵, -(SO₂)-O-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-R¹⁵, -(C=O)-O-R¹⁶, or -(C=O)-NR¹⁷R¹⁸;

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R^{14} is H, halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , -L-DYE, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, each of which is itself optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(SO_2)-R^{15}$, $-(SO_2)-O-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

or any two adjacent substituents R^7 - R^{14} , taken in combination, form a fused six-membered benzo moiety, which is optionally substituted by halogen, azido, nitro, nitroso, amino, cyano, -L- R_x , -L- S_c , -L-DYE, C_1 - C_6 alkyl or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, each of which is optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxy, $-(C=O)-R^{15}$, $-(C=O)-O-R^{16}$, or $-(C=O)-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

or any two adjacent substituents R^7 - R^{14} , taken in combination with each other, and with the aromatic ring they are bound to, form a fused DYE;

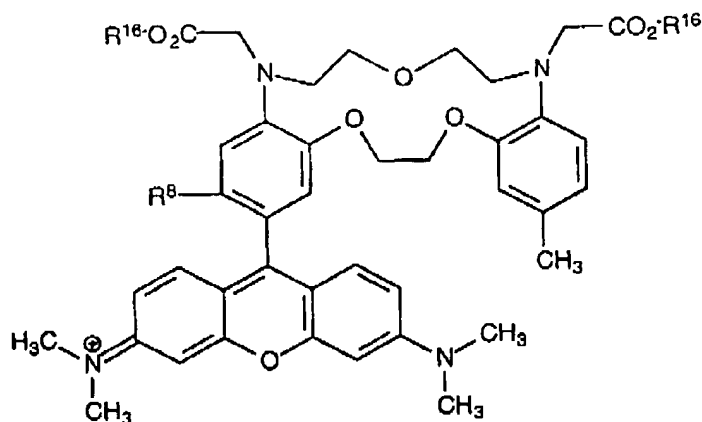
provided that the compound is substituted by at least one -L-DYE, -L- R_x , or -L- S_c at R^1 , R^2 , R^4 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , or R^{14} ; or at least two of R^7 - R^{14} , taken in combination, form a fused DYE.

80. (New) The composition according to Claim 79, wherein the metal ion is Na^+ , K^+ , Ca^{2+} , or Zn^{2+} .
81. (New) The composition according to Claim 79, wherein DYE is an indole, a coumarin, a stilbene, a xanthene, an oxazine, a polyazaindacene, a benzofuran, a pyrene, an anthracene, a naphthalene, an acridine, a benzindole, an oxazole, a benzoxazole, a thiazole, a benzothiazole, a 4-amino-7-nitrobenz-2-oxa-1,3-diazole (NBD), a cyanine, a carbocyanine, a carbostyryl, a porphyrin, a salicylate, an anthranilate, an azulene, a perylene, a pyridine, a quinoline, a benzoxazine, a carbazine a phenalenone or a benzphenalenone.
82. (New) A method of detecting a target cationic metal ion in a sample, comprising:

- a) adding to the sample, in an amount sufficient to generate a detectable optical response when the target ion is present, a compound having the formula:

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and its salts, wherein

R^8 , is H or a C_1 - C_8 alkoxy, which is optionally substituted by -
($C=O$)- O - R^{16} or -($C=O$)- $NR^{17}R^{18}$;

R^{16} is independently H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl, a benzyl, an alpha-
acyloxyalkyl, a t-butyldimethylsilyl, or a biologically compatible
salt; and,

R^{17} and R^{18} , where present, are independently H, a C_1 - C_8 alkyl,
 C_1 - C_6 carboxyalkyl, or a biologically compatible salt;

- b) illuminating the sample to generate the detectable optical response whereby said
target ion is detected.

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CONCLUSION

In light of the above amendments, reconsideration and withdrawal of the outstanding objections and rejections are respectfully requested. All amendments are made in a good faith effort to advance the prosecution on the merits. Applicant respectfully submits that no amendments have been made to the pending claims for the purpose of overcoming any prior art rejections that would restrict the literal scope of the claims or equivalents thereof. Applicant reserves the right to subsequently take up prosecution of the claims originally filed in this application in continuation, continuation-in-part, and/or divisional applications.

It is submitted that this application is now ready for allowance. Early notice to this effect is solicited. If, in the opinion of the Examiner, a telephone conference would expedite the prosecution of the subject application, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned at (541) 335-0203.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 3, 2005

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